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I decided to use the format for my presentation of putting a number plus keywords to summarise the main points from an economic perspective. First are two unchanging things: that is a basic judgement on the current position of the Chinese economy. The first unchanging is based on the national condition. That means that the Chinese people is still and will remain for a long time, in the initial stages of socialism. The second unchanging is China’s international status as the world’s largest developing country. Its implications are that economic development is and will be the priority for the Chinese Communist Party. […] There are one plus two stages, which are the tasks for the future objective in the next three decades. The first stage of three or four years is from now to 2020. The target is to finish the building of a moderate, prosperous society in all aspects. […] The first step from 2020 to 2035 is 15 years, and the target is basically realising the socialist modernisation. The next step from 2035 to 2050 is then building China into a greater, more than socialist country, which is a prosperous, strong, democratic, advanced culture, harmonised and beautiful. […] Continuations are also very important and related to the main context of our future development strategy. The first continuation is that the Chinese government decided that it will still continue to carry open-door policy. […] The second continuation is that the CPC wants to continue to carry out structural economic reforms. First, we will continue to carry out structural supply side reform, paying more attention to the real economy. […] The second item is that they want to improve market economic systems. That means that we will continue to do SOE reform. […] We will also pay more attention to countryside development, mainly to reduction of poverty. […] Another one is that we pay more attention to cooperation of regional development.