

Edi Rama

Prime Minister of Albania



Edi Rama was born in Tirana, on July 4, 1964. He is married to Ms. Linda Rama and they have three children, Greg, Rea and Zaho.

With a remarkably rich and diverse career path, Edi Rama counts his contribution in arts, sports and teaching, as a publicist and politician. He used to be a professor of painting at the Academy of Fine Arts, a player of the Albanian national basketball team, and authored two books, namely, *Refleksione* (Reflections), together with Ardian Klosi, which was published immediately after the collapse of the dictatorship and *Kurban*, published in 2011. Additionally, Edi Rama has published two art books containing his works in collaboration with the distinguished artist Anri Sala. He has also been author and participant of many worldwide art exhibitions.

Edi Rama's involvement in the public and political life of the country starts with the movement for democracy that led to the dismantling of the communist regime in Albania, with Rama being one of the most publicly outspoken members and a key leader of the students' movement at the Academy of Fine Arts.

Following a hiatus of several years in which he left Albania to dedicate to the artistic life, although he remained a staunch critic in the press of the first post-communist government, Edi Rama entered active politics in the capacity of the Minister of Culture, Youth and Sports, in 1998. During all his tenure, he won the support and wide appreciation of the Albanian public opinion for his creative and efficient ways of promoting art and culture in Albania.

In 2000, Edi Rama ran for mayor of Tirana Municipality, with the support of the Socialist Party of Albania and marked a landslide victory against his rival. Upon taking over, he set off on a campaign aimed at transforming and regenerating the capital city by restoring public spaces that were, until then, usurped by illegal buildings and increasing the green areas, while instilling a new spirit and vision in the administration of the capital. Under Edi Rama's leadership, Tirana Municipality turned into a modern European institution. His projects to introduce colour in public spaces, amongst the ruined façades of residential buildings of the communist era, the rehabilitation of Lana Riverbed, the increase of recreational parks and green areas in the city, as well as the reconstruction of Tirana's road network based on entirely new standards found international recognition, counting a series of awards, amongst which, World Mayor Award (2004) and European Hero Award by Time Magazine. Edi Rama was re-elected as Mayor of Tirana in 2003 and 2007 and led the Albanian Capital for 11 years.

In 2005, Edi Rama was elected Chair of the Socialist Party of Albania, leading this force through the difficult opposition years and into the overwhelming victory of 23 June 2013.

He became Prime Minister of Albania in 2013, engaging the country into strong transformational, developing and modernising reforms. In June 2017, Edi Rama was re-elected for a new mandate and, in April 2021, he won a third mandate as Albania's Prime Minister.